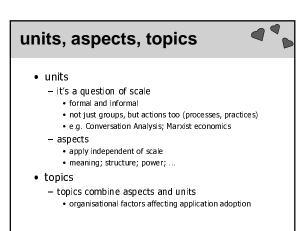
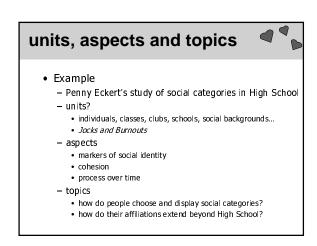
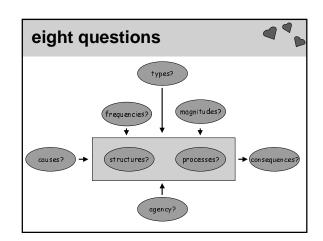
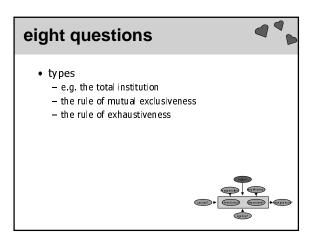


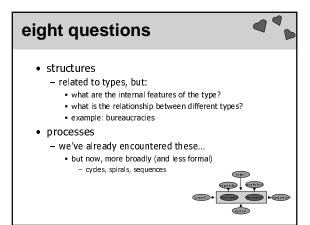
• three steps - gather: observing, collecting field materials - focus: structuring material, guiding observation - analyze: developing conceptual analysis • focussing - beginning to ask questions - concurrently with data gathering • getting a handle on the data you're collecting • finding the holes

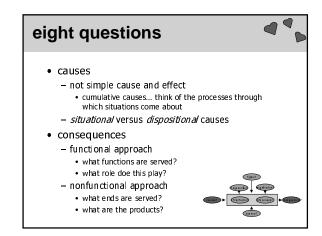


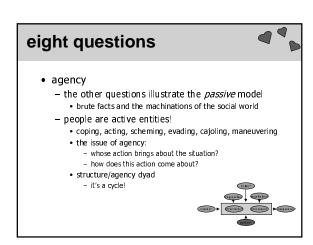


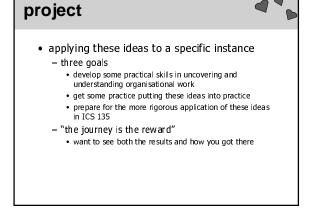


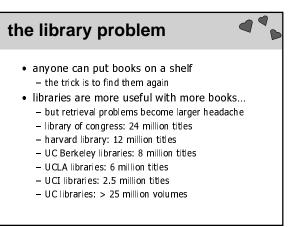












some solutions



- two key concepts
 - indexing
 - a system of consistently ordered pointers to geographical locations
 - Dewey decimal system
 - Library of Congress system
 - vertical filing
 - a way of arranging an index accessibly
- card catalog
 - constructing an index with
 - individual entries
 - · allowing easy updating

many information problems



- lots of information to keep track of
 - author/title catalog
 - subject catalogs
 - shelf lists
 - loan records
 - orders
- generally kept independently
 - this worked fine... for 100 years or so

the situation today



- what is a library?
 - archive of publications and activities
 - active database of knowledge
 - place where knowledge seekers hang out
- library must be accessible
 - but budgets are flat or shrinking
 - more and more people to be served

information



- more material being created than ever before
 - 3 million books in print in the US
 - 250,000/year (~1% of Library of Congress!)
 - 165,000 serials issued internationally
 - 7000 in digital form (online, CDROM)
 - about 310000 publishers in main trade (ISBN)
- an inevitable collision
 - more and more information
 - more and more information seeking
 - information is more valuable everyday
 - physical and financial limits on collections

UC's problem

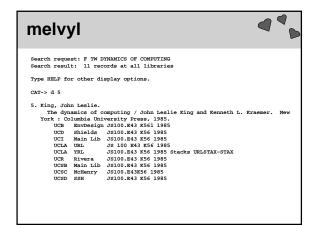


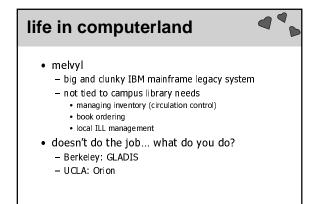
- 2nd largest collection (after Lib of Congress)
 - in the 1970s, building five miles of shelf space/year
 - governor and legislature intervene
 - no more library buildings until UC has a plan to manage growth
 - solution: rationalisation and consolidation
 - two large warehouses serving all campus archival needs
 - politics: how to get faculty buy-in?
 - guarantee access and delivery
 - computerised "Union Catalog"
 - "One University, One Library"

how it worked

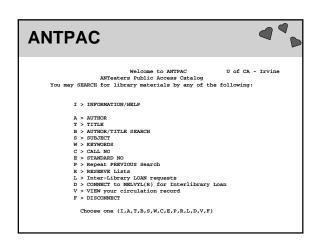


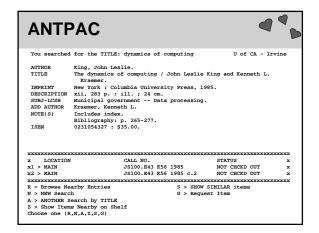
- NRLF and SRLF as inventory warehouses
- elaborate protocols and procedures for loans
 - guaranteed 48 hour delivery to point of needs
- · computerised, online, union, public-access catalog
 - holdings
 - locations
- where do you find online union catalog in 1975?
 - you don't
- MELVYL
 - integrate holdings catalog with delivery service

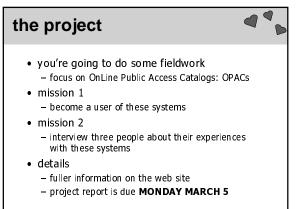




• the poor have to wait • private sector developments - many libraries need these sorts of facilities - minicomputer-based off-the-shelf packages • Innovative Solutions develops InnoPAC - UCI buys in 1990, loads database - launches in 1991 as ANTPAC • only handles documents in the UCI libraries • more information • integrated with other library functions







parameters



- your interview subjects can be anyone
 - ... except other students in the class
 - you decide (and explain) the selection criteria
- keep field notes
 - keep notes on research and interviews
 - you'll use these to write your report
 - you'll also be required to hand them in
- don't underestimate the time this takes

next time



- monday's a holiday
- on wednesday:
 - networks and telecomms
 - Alter chapter 10
- meantime
 - midterm grading basically done
 - grades should be posted tomorrow